Outline: The Evolution of Opera in Italy and Beyond

- I. Monteverdi and the Rise of Venice (1613-1700)
- A. Claudio Monteverdi's Move to Venice
- 1. Becomes maestro di cappella at the Church of San Marco
- 2. San Marco's prominence compared to St. Peter's in Rome
- B. Venice as the Epicenter of Opera
- 1. Transition from private performances in Florence to public opera in Venice
- 2. Inauguration of Teatro San Cassiano in 1637 and the public opera's popularity
- 3. Venice's emergence as a vibrant artistic hub with 17 theaters and 388 operas by 1700
- II. Venetian Composers and the German Influence
- A. Notable Venetian Composers
- 1. Francesco Cavalli and Antonio Cesti's pivotal roles
- 2. Antonio Vivaldi's contributions to sustaining and expanding Venetian opera
- B. The German Impact: George Frideric Handel
- 1. Handel's early Italian operas and move to England in 1711
- 2. Influence on spreading Italian opera popularity in England
- III. Naples: The Second Italian Opera City
- A. Naples as a Center of Artistic Experimentation
- 1. Renowned schools for composers, musicians, and singers
- B. Leading Composers of Neapolitan Opera
- 1. Corelli, Durante, Jommelli, Pergolesi, and others pushing artistic boundaries
- 2. Influence spreading across Europe to Spain, Portugal, Saint Petersburg, and France
- IV. Transformation in Opera Styles (Late 17th-18th Century)
- A. Emergence of Opera Seria and Opera Buffa
- 1. Pietro Metastasio's role in shaping Opera Seria
- 2. Carlo Goldoni's contribution to the popularity of opera buffa
- B. Pergolesi's La serva padrona
- 1. Model for the opera buffa genre
- 2. Staged as intermezzo to entertain during the three-act opera II prigionier superbo
- V. Opera Developments in France and Germany
- A. French Opera Traditions
- 1. Giovanni Battista Lulli's foundational role
- B. Gluck's Reforms and Influence
- 1. Noble Simplicity concept
- 2. Impact on German, Italian, and French opera
- C. Mozart's Intuitive Approach
- 1. Deeper psychological depictions in contrast to Gluck
- 2. Collaborations with da Ponte and the perfection in mature works
- D. Mozart's Adaptation of Le Mariage de Figaro

- Charming portrayal with deeper character emotions
 A transcendent approach to comic figures